Package 'fabiaData'

October 1, 2024
Title Data sets for FABIA (Factor Analysis for Bicluster Acquisition)
Version 1.43.0
Date 2012-08-15
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Depends R (>= 2.10.0), Biobase
Imports utils
Suggests fabia
Description Supplying gene expression data sets for the demos of the biclustering method ``Factor Analysis for Bicluster Acquisition" (FABIA). The following three data sets are provided: A) breast cancer (van't Veer, Nature, 2002), B) multiple tissues (Su, PNAS, 2002), and C) diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma (Rosenwald, N Engl J Med, 2002).
License LGPL (>= 2.1)
<pre>URL http://www.bioinf.jku.at/software/fabia/fabia.html</pre>
biocViews CancerData, BreastCancerData, MicroarrayData
LazyLoad yes
git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/fabiaData
git_branch devel
git_last_commit 7acc4cb
git_last_commit_date 2024-04-30
Repository Bioconductor 3.20
Date/Publication 2024-10-01
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Breast_A

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Subclasses of van't Veer breast cancer microarray data set

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Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by van't Veer et al. 2002. Array S54 was removed because it is an outlier.

Goal was to find a gene signature to predict the outcome of a cancer therapy that is to predict whether metastasis will occur. A 70 gene signature has been discovered.

Here we want to find subclasses in the data set.

Hoshida et al. 2007 found 3 subclasses and verified that 50/61 cases from class 1 and 2 were ER positive and only in 3/36 from class 3.

bA is the data set with 97 samples and 1213 genes, bAc1 are the three subclasses from Hoshida et al. 2007.

Usage

Breast_A

Format

Matrix XBreast: 97 samples and 1213 probe sets, Vector CBreast: three subclasses from Hoshida

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

van't Veer LJ, Dai H, van de Vijver MJ, He YD, Hart AA, et al. 'Gene expression profiling predicts clinical outcome of breast cancer', Nature 415:530-536, 2002.

CBreast 3

CBreast

Subclasses of van't Veer breast cancer microarray data set

Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by van't Veer et al. 2002. Array S54 was removed because it is an outlier.

Goal was to find a gene signature to predict the outcome of a cancer therapy that is to predict whether metastasis will occur. A 70 gene signature has been discovered.

Here we want to find subclasses in the data set.

Hoshida et al. 2007 found 3 subclasses and verified that 50/61 cases from class 1 and 2 were ER positive and only in 3/36 from class 3.

XBreast is the data set with 97 samples and 1213 genes, CBreast are the three subclasses from Hoshida et al. 2007.

Usage

CBreast

Format

Vector CBreast of 97 samples giving the three subclasses from Hoshida.

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

van't Veer LJ, Dai H, van de Vijver MJ, He YD, Hart AA, et al. 'Gene expression profiling predicts clinical outcome of breast cancer', Nature 415:530-536, 2002.

CDLBCL

Microarray data set of Rosenwald diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma

Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by Rosenwald et al. 2002.

Goal was to predict the survival after chemotherapy

Hoshida divided the data set into three classes: "OxPhos" (oxidative phosphorylation), "BCR" (B-cell response), and "HR" (host response).

We want to identify these subclasses.

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Usage

CDLBCL

Format

Vector CDLBCL of 180 samples giving the three subclasses according to Hoshida et al. 2007.

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

Rosenwald A, Wright G, Chan WC, Connors JM, Campo E, et al. 'The use of molecular profiling to predict survival after chemotherapy for diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma', New Engl. J. Med. 346: 1937-1947, 2002.

CMulti

Microarray data set of Su on different mammalian tissue types

Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by Su et al. 2002.

Gene expression from human and mouse samples across a diverse array of tissues, organs, and cell lines have been profiled. The goal was to have a reference for the normal mammalian transcriptome.

Here we want to identify the subclasses which correspond to the tissue types.

Usage

CMulti

Format

Vector CMulti of 102 samples giving the four classes of tissue types.

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

Su AI, Cooke MP, Ching KA, Hakak Y, Walker JR, et al. 'Large-scale analysis of the human and mouse transcriptomes', Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99:4465-4470, 2002.

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DLBCL_B

Microarray data set of Rosenwald diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma

Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by Rosenwald et al. 2002.

Goal was to predict the survival after chemotherapy.

Hoshida divided the data set into three classes: "OxPhos" (oxidative phosphorylation), "BCR" (B-cell response), and "HR" (host response).

We want to identify these subclasses.

Usage

DLBCL_B

Format

Matrix XDLBCL: 180 samples and 661 probe sets, Vector CDLBCL: three subclasses according to Hoshida et al. 2007.

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

Rosenwald A, Wright G, Chan WC, Connors JM, Campo E, et al. 'The use of molecular profiling to predict survival after chemotherapy for diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma', New Engl. J. Med. 346: 1937-1947, 2002.

fabiaData

Display available data sets

Description

fabiaData available data sets.

Usage

fabiaData()

Author(s)

Sepp Hochreiter

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See Also

```
Breast_A, DLBCL_B, Multi_A,
```

Examples

fabiaData()

fabiaDataVersion

Display version info for package fabiaData

Description

fabiaDataVersion displays version information about the package.

Usage

```
fabiaDataVersion()
```

Author(s)

Sepp Hochreiter

See Also

```
Breast_A, DLBCL_B, Multi_A,
```

Examples

fabiaDataVersion()

Multi_A

Microarray data set of Su on different mammalian tissue types

Description

Microarray data from Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets" which was produced by Su et al. 2002.

Gene expression from human and mouse samples across a diverse array of tissues, organs, and cell lines have been profiled. The goal was to have a reference for the normal mammalian transcriptome.

Here we want to identify the subclasses which correspond to the tissue types.

Usage

Multi_A

Format

Matrix XMulti: 102 samples and 5565 probe sets, Vector CMulti: four classes of tissue types.

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Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

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Usage

XBreast

Format

Matrix XBreast: 97 samples and 1213 probe sets.

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Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

van't Veer LJ, Dai H, van de Vijver MJ, He YD, Hart AA, et al. 'Gene expression profiling predicts clinical outcome of breast cancer', Nature 415:530-536, 2002.

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XDLBCL

Microarray data set of Rosenwald diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma

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We want to identify these subclasses.

Usage

XDLBCL

Format

Matrix XDLBCL: 180 samples and 661 probe sets.

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

Rosenwald A, Wright G, Chan WC, Connors JM, Campo E, et al. 'The use of molecular profiling to predict survival after chemotherapy for diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma', New Engl. J. Med. 346: 1937-1947, 2002.

XMulti

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Usage

XMulti

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Format

Matrix XMulti: 102 samples and 5565 probe sets

Source

Broad Institute "Cancer Program Data Sets": http://www.broadinstitute.org/cgi-bin/cancer/datasets.cgi

References

Hoshida Y, Brunet J-P, Tamayo P, Golub TR, Mesirov JP, 'Subclass Mapping: Identifying Common Subtypes in Independent Disease Data Sets', PLoS ONE 2(11): e1195, 2007.

Su AI, Cooke MP, Ching KA, Hakak Y, Walker JR, et al. 'Large-scale analysis of the human and mouse transcriptomes', Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99:4465-4470, 2002.

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