

Package ‘flowDensity’

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Type Package

Title Sequential Flow Cytometry Data Gating

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Description This package provides tools for automated sequential gating analogous to the manual gating strategy based on the density of the data.

Imports flowCore, graphics, car, gplots, RFOC, GEOMap, methods, grDevices

Depends R (>= 2.10.0), methods

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biocViews Bioinformatics, FlowCytometry, CellBiology, Clustering, Cancer, FlowCytData, StemCells, DensityGating

LazyLoad yes

R topics documented:

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CellPopulation-class *Class "CellPopulation"*

Description

This class represents the output of 'flowDensity(.)' function from flowDensity package.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("CellPopulation", ...)`.

Slots

`flow.frame`: Object of class "flowFrame" representing the flow cytometry data of the cell population

`proportion`: Object of class "numeric" representing proportion of the cell population with respect to its parent cell population

`cell.count`: Object of class "numeric" representing cell count of the cell population

`channels`: Object of class "character" representing channel names corresponding to the 2 dimensions where the cell population is extracted

`position`: Object of class "logical" representing position of the cell population in the 2-dimensional space

`gates`: Object of class "numeric" representing thresholds on each channel used to gate the cell population

`filter`: Object of class "matrix" representing boundary of the cell population using a convex polygon

`index`: Object of class "numeric" representing indices of the data points in the cell population with respect to its parent cell population

Methods

flowDensity signature(obj = "CellPopulation", channels = "ANY", position = "logical", singlet.gate = "mi
...
flowDensity signature(obj = "CellPopulation", channels = "missing", position = "missing", singlet.gate =
...
getflowFrame signature(obj = "CellPopulation"): ...
plot signature(x = "flowFrame", y = "CellPopulation"): ...

Author(s)

Jafar Taghiyar <email: <jtaghiyar@bccrc.ca>>

Examples

```
showClass("CellPopulation")
```

`deGate`*1D density gating method*

Description

Find the best threshold for a single channel in flow cytometry data based on its density distribution.

Usage

```
deGate(flow.frame, channel, n.sd=1.5, use.percentile = FALSE,  
percentile = 0.95, upper = NA, alpha = 0.1,  
sd.threshold = FALSE, graphs = FALSE, all.cut = FALSE, tinypeak.removal=1/25)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>flow.frame</code> | a 'FlowFrame' object. |
| <code>channel</code> | a channel's name or its corresponding index in the 'flow.frame'. |
| <code>n.sd</code> | an integer coefficient for the standard deviation to determine the threshold based on the standard deviation if 'sh.threshold' is TRUE. |
| <code>use.percentile</code> | if TRUE, forces to return the 'percentile'th threshold. |
| <code>percentile</code> | a value in [0,1] that is used as the percentile. The default value is 0.95. |
| <code>upper</code> | if TRUE, finds the change in the slope at the tail of the density curve, if FALSE, finds it at the head. |
| <code>alpha</code> | a value in [0,1) specifying the significance of change in the slope being detected. This is by default 0.1, and typically need not be changed. |
| <code>sd.threshold</code> | if TRUE, uses 'n.sd' times standard deviation as the threshold. |
| <code>graphs</code> | if TRUE, generates density distribution plot plus its corresponding threshold. |
| <code>all.cut</code> | if TRUE, returns all the identified cutoff points, i.e. potential thresholds for that channel. |
| <code>tinypeak.removal</code> | A number in [0,1] to exclude/include tiny peaks in density distribution. |

Value

an integer value (vector) of cutoff(s), i.e. threshold(s), on the specified channel

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_1, data_dir, full = TRUE))
#Find the threshold for CD20
cd19.gate <- deGate(f,channel="PerCP-Cy5-5-A")
# Gate out the CD20- populations using the notSubFrame
plotDens(f,c("APC-H7-A","PerCP-Cy5-5-A"))
abline(h=cd19.gate,lty=3,col=2)
```

flowDensity

Automated Sequential Gating Tool for Flow Cytometry

Description

flowDensity is an automated clustering algorithm which aims to emulate the current practice of manual sequential gating. It is designed to identify the predefined cell subsets based on the density distribution of the parent cell population by analyzing the peaks of the density curve.

Usage

```
flowDensity(obj, channels, position, singlet.gate, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|---|
| obj | a 'CellPopulation' or 'flowFrame' object. |
| channels | a vector of two channel names or their corresponding indices. |
| position | a vector of two logical values specifying the position of the cell subset of interest on the 2D plot. |
| singlet.gate | if TRUE, singlet cell gate is derived and the corresponding cell population is returned. |
| ... | This can be used to pass one of the following arguments: |

- 'use.percentile' if TRUE, returns the 'percentile'th threshold.
- 'percentile' a value in [0,1] that is used as the percentile if 'use.percentile' is TRUE.
- 'upper' if 'TRUE', it finds the change in the slope after the peak with index 'peak.ind'.
- 'sd.threshold' if TRUE, it uses 'n.sd' times standard deviation for gating.
- 'n.sd' an integer that is multiplied to the standard deviation to determine the place of threshold if 'sd.threshold' is 'TRUE'.
- 'use.control' if TRUE, it finds the threshold using a matched control population and uses it for gating.
- 'control' a 'flowFrame' or 'CellPopulation' object used for calculating the gating threshold when 'use.control' is set to TRUE. If a control population is used, the other arguments ('upper', 'percentile', etc.) are applied to the control data when finding the threshold (i.e. not to 'obj').

- 'alpha' a value in [0,1) specifying the significance of change in the slope which would be detected. This is by default 0.1, and typically need not be changed.
- 'debris.gate' if TRUE, it would try to remove the debris and gate the lymphocyte cells.
- 'avg' if TRUE, it uses the mean of all identified cutoff points as a threshold for gating.
- 'ellip.gate' if TRUE, it fits an ellipse on the data as a gate, otherwise the rectangle gating results are returned
- 'scale' a value in [0,1) that scales the size of ellipse to fit if 'ellip.gate' is TRUE
- 'graphs' if TRUE, the ellipse is added to the current plot of the output of the 'flowDensity', otherwise a new plot is drawn and the ellipse is added on that.

Value

A CellPopulation object

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_1, data_dir, full = TRUE))
lymph <- flowDensity(obj=f, channels=c(FSC-A, SSC-A),
                    position=c(TRUE, FALSE), upper= c(NA, TRUE), debris.gate=c(TRUE, FALSE))
slotNames(lymph)
```

flowDensity-methods *Methods for Function flowDensity in Package flowDensity*

Description

Methods for function flowDensity in package **flowDensity**

Methods

```
signature(obj = "CellPopulation", channels = "ANY", position = "logical", singlet.gate = "missing")
```

```
signature(obj = "CellPopulation", channels = "missing", position = "missing", singlet.gate = "logic")
```

```
signature(obj = "flowFrame", channels = "ANY", position = "logical", singlet.gate = "missing")
```

getflowFrame *'CellPopulation' class accessor.*

Description

an accessor for 'CellPopulation' class to get its 'FlowFrame' object. This will remove all the NA values in the frame.

Usage

```
getflowFrame(obj)
```

Arguments

obj a 'CellPopulation' object.

Value

a 'FlowFrame' object.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_1, data_dir, full = TRUE))
lymph <- flowDensity(obj=f, channels=c(FSC-A, SSC-A),
                    position=c(TRUE, FALSE), upper= c(NA, TRUE), debris.gate=c(TRUE, FALSE))
f.lymph <- getflowFrame(lymph)
```

nmRemove *Preprocessing helper function for flow cytometry data*

Description

Remove the margin events on the axes. Usually, these events are considered as debris or artifacts. This is specifically useful for 'FSC' and 'SSC' channels in a 'FlowFrame' object. However, any channel can be input as an argument.

Usage

```
nmRemove(flow.frame, channels, neg=TRUE, talk=FALSE)
```

Arguments

flow.frame a 'FlowFrame' object.
 channels a vector of channel names or their corresponding indices.
 neg if TRUE, negative events are also removed
 talk if TRUE, it prints the margin event in each channel

Value

a 'FlowFrame' object.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_2, data_dir, full = TRUE))
#Removing margin events of FSC-A and SSC-A channels
no.margin <- nmRemove(f2, c("FSC-A", "SSC-A"), talk=TRUE)
plotDens(f2, c("FSC-A", "SSC-A"))
# Scatter plot of FSC-A vs. SSC-A after removing margins
plotDens(no.margin, c("FSC-A", "SSC-A"))
```

notSubFrame

Removing a subset of a FlowFrame object

Description

Remove a subset of a FlowFrame object specified by gates from the flowDensity method. It comes in handy when one needs the complement of a cell population in the input flow cytometry data.

Usage

```
notSubFrame(flow.frame, channels, position, gates, filter)
```

Arguments

flow.frame a 'FlowFrame' object.
 channels a vector of two channel names or their corresponding indices in the 'flow.frame'.
 position a vector of two logical values specifying the position of the cell subset of interest on the 2D plot.
 gates the gates slot in the CellPopulation object which is output by flowDensity function. It can also be a vector of two integer values each of which specifies a threshold for the corresponding channel in 'channels' argument.
 filter boundary of the subset to be removed. This value is stored in the 'filter' slot of a 'CellPopulation' object.

Value

a CellPopulation object.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_1, data_dir, full = TRUE))
#Find the threshold for CD20
cd20.gate <- deGate(f,channel="APC-H7-A")
# Gate out the CD20- populations using the notSubFrame
CD20.pos <- notSubFrame(f,channels=c("APC-H7-A","PerCP-Cy5-5-A"),position=c(FALSE,NA),gates=c(cd20.gate,NA))
#Plot the CD20+ cells on same channels
plotDens(CD20.pos@flow.frame,c("APC-H7-A","PerCP-Cy5-5-A"))
```

plotDens

Plot flow cytometry data with density-based colors

Description

Generate a scatter dot plot with colors based on the distribution of the density of the provided channels.

Usage

```
plotDens(flow.frame, channels, col, main, xlab, ylab, pch=".", s=FALSE, outdir, file.name, devn=TRUE,
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| flow.frame | a 'FlowFrame' object. |
| channels | a vector of two channel names or their corresponding indices in the 'flow.frame'. |
| s | logical variable, if TRUE the output graph is saved. |
| outdir | an optional string value specifying the output directory for saving the graph if 's' is TRUE. |
| file.name | an optional string value used as the name for the saved file. |
| devn | by default the output graph plots in a new device using dev.new() function. If 'devn' is FALSE, plots the output on the current device. |
| col | A specification for the default plotting color: see '?par'. |
| main | an overall title for the plot: see '?plot' |
| xlab | a title for the x axis: see '?plot' |
| ylab | a title for the y axis: see '?plot' |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <code>pch</code> | Either an integer specifying a symbol or a single character to be used as the default in plotting points: see <code>?par</code> . |
| <code>...</code> | can be used to provide desired arguments for the <code>plot()</code> function used to plot the output results. |

Value

a scatter dot plot with density-based colors.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
data_dir <- system.file("extdata", package = "flowDensity")
load(list.files(pattern = sampleFCS_1, data_dir, full = TRUE))
#Plot CD3 vs. CD19 to see the distribution of cell populations and their density
plotDens(f,c("V450-A","PerCP-Cy5-5-A"))
```

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